

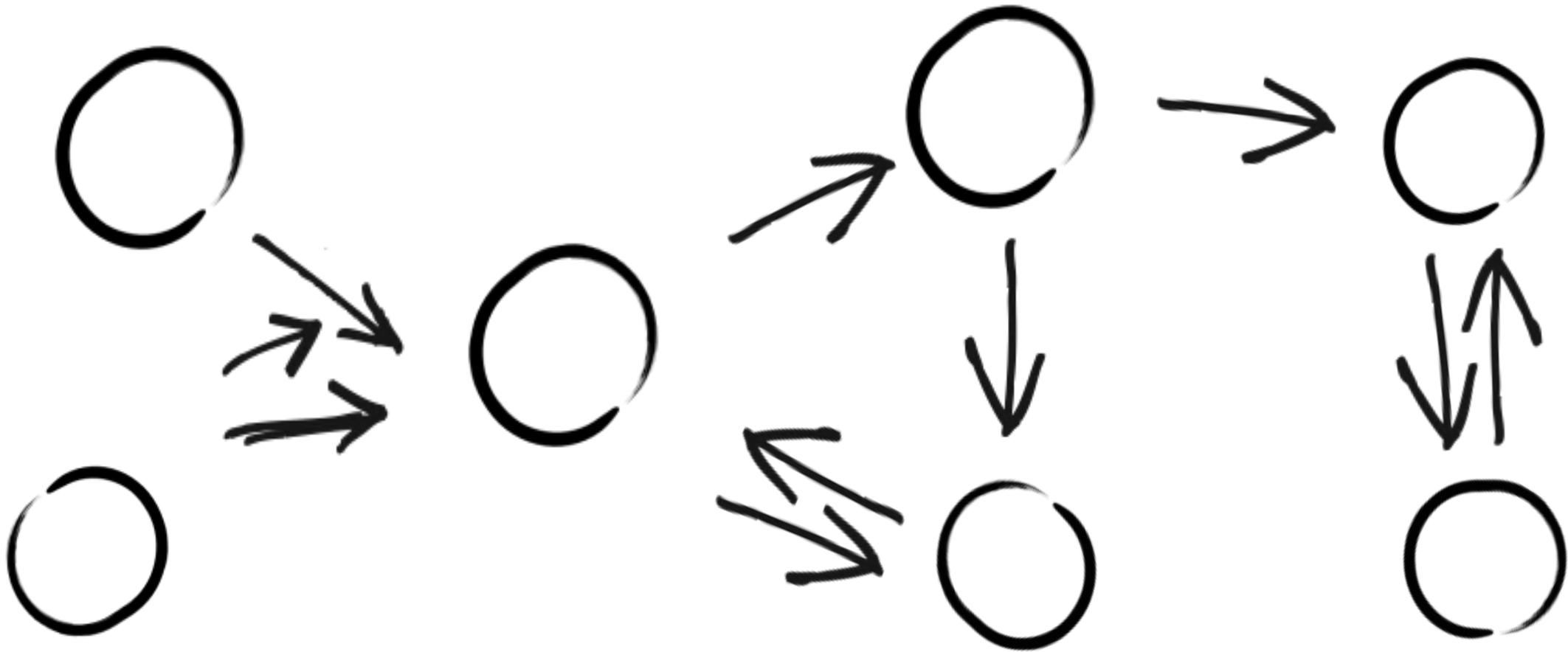
# The Role of Reactive and Event-Driven in Microservices

Dr. Clement Escoffier  
Senior Principal Software Engineer

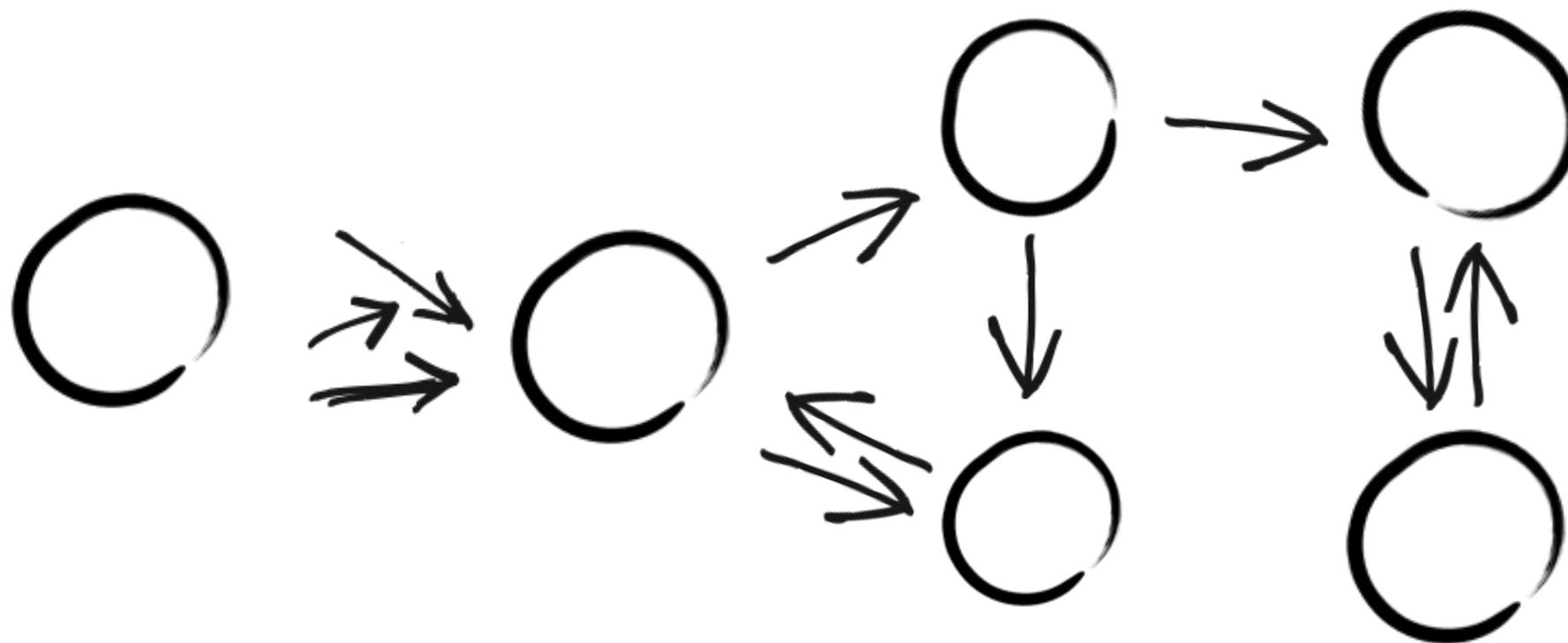
Dr. Julien Ponge  
Principal Software Engineer

---

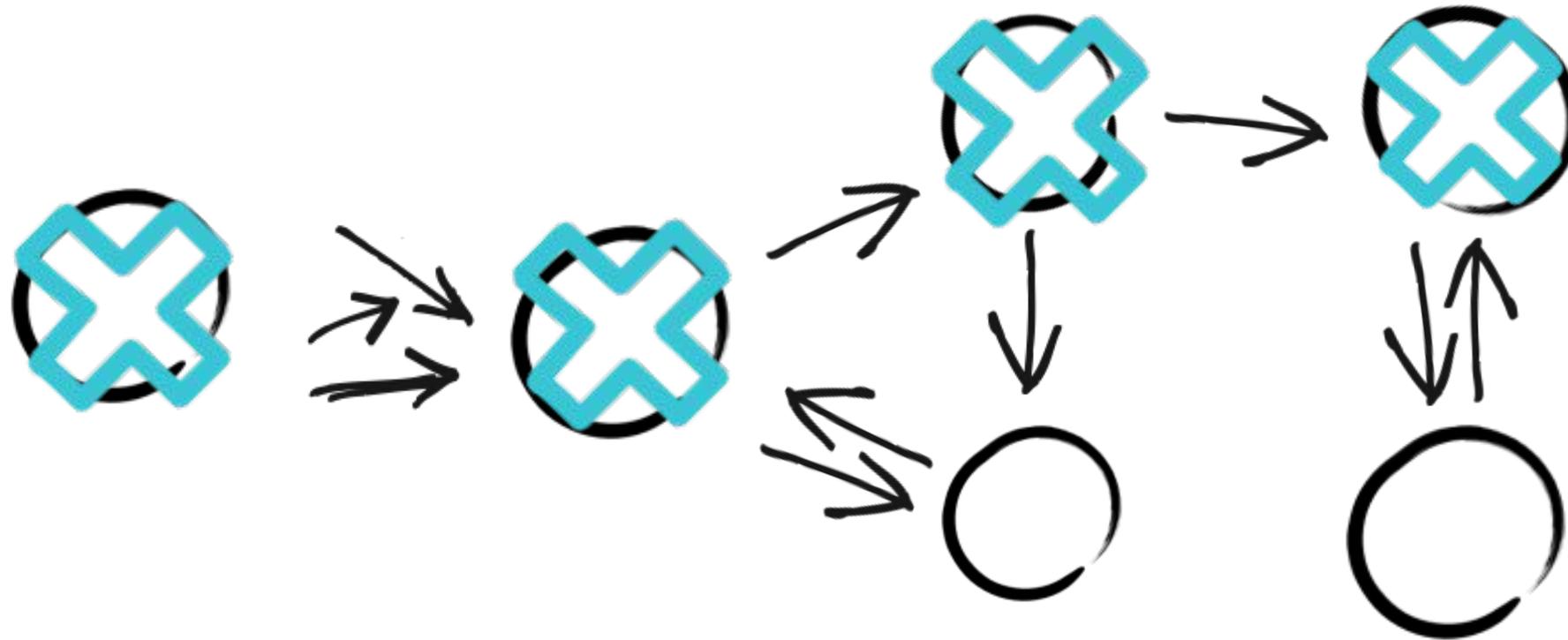
Microservices are all about  
distributed systems...



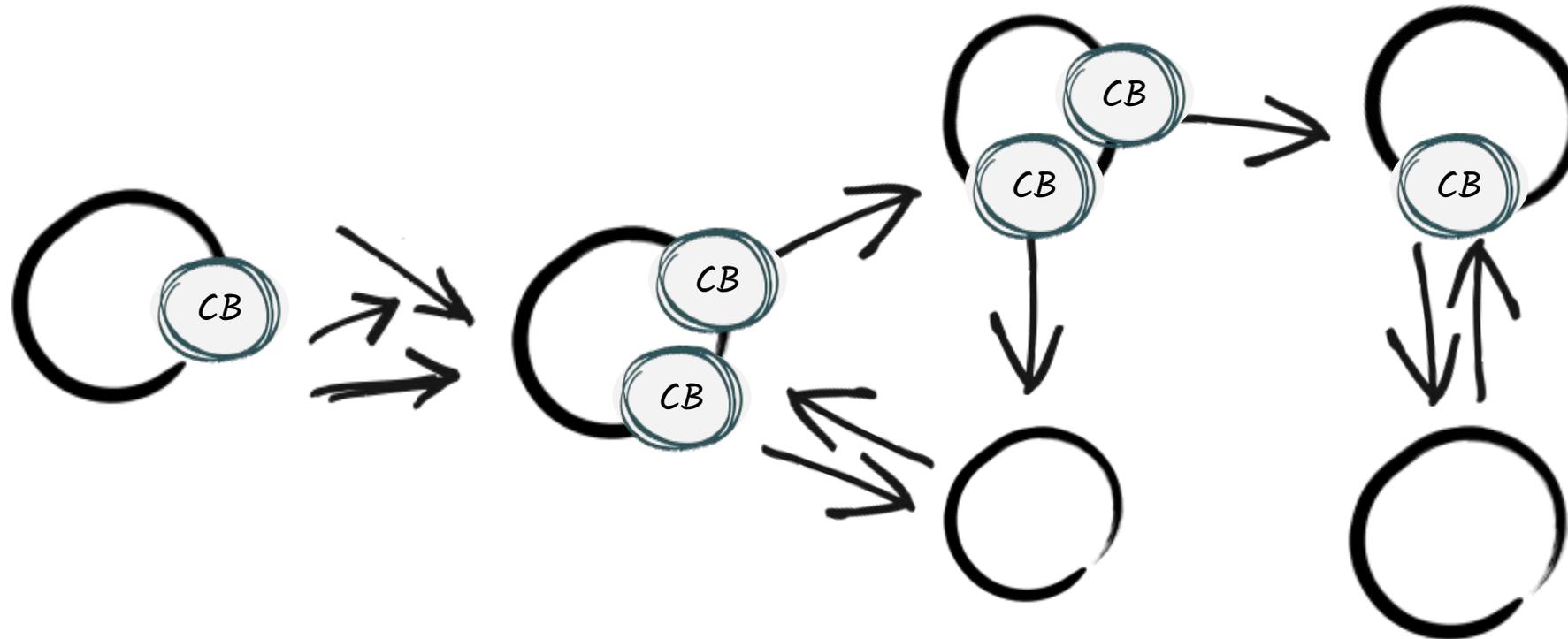
# HTTP => STRONG COUPLING



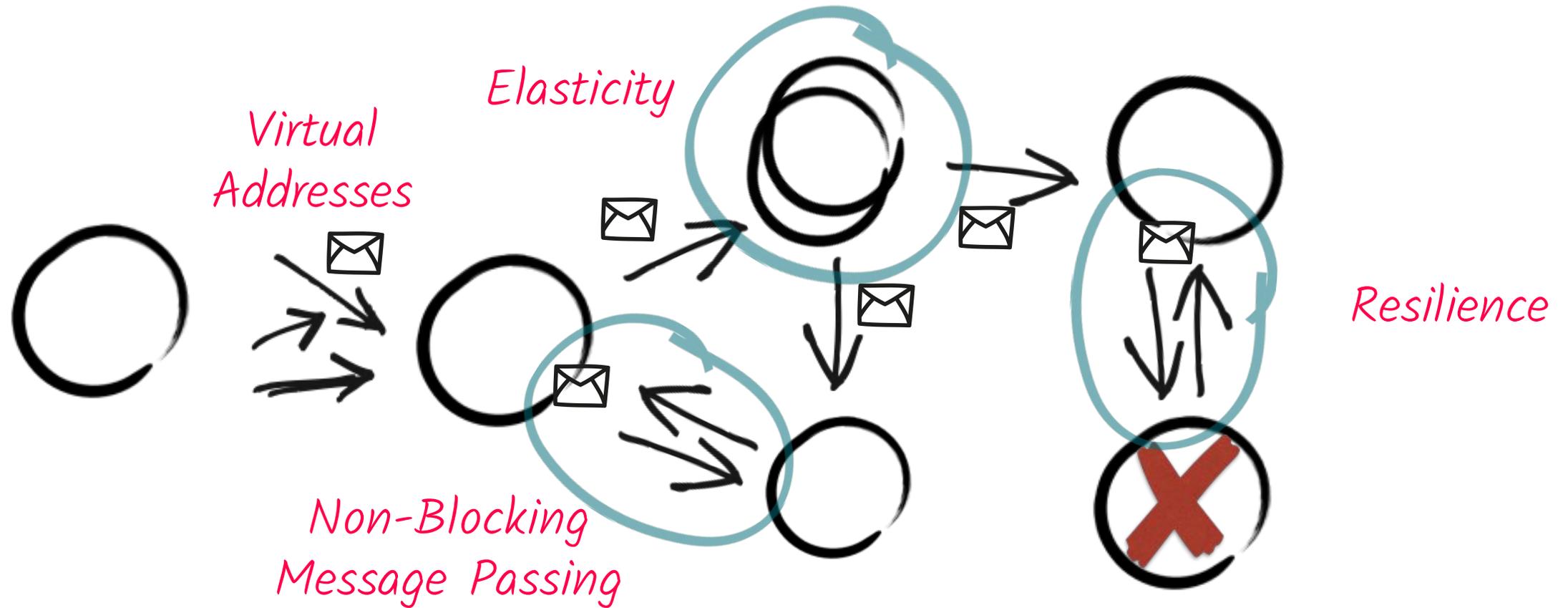
# HTTP => UPTIME COUPLING



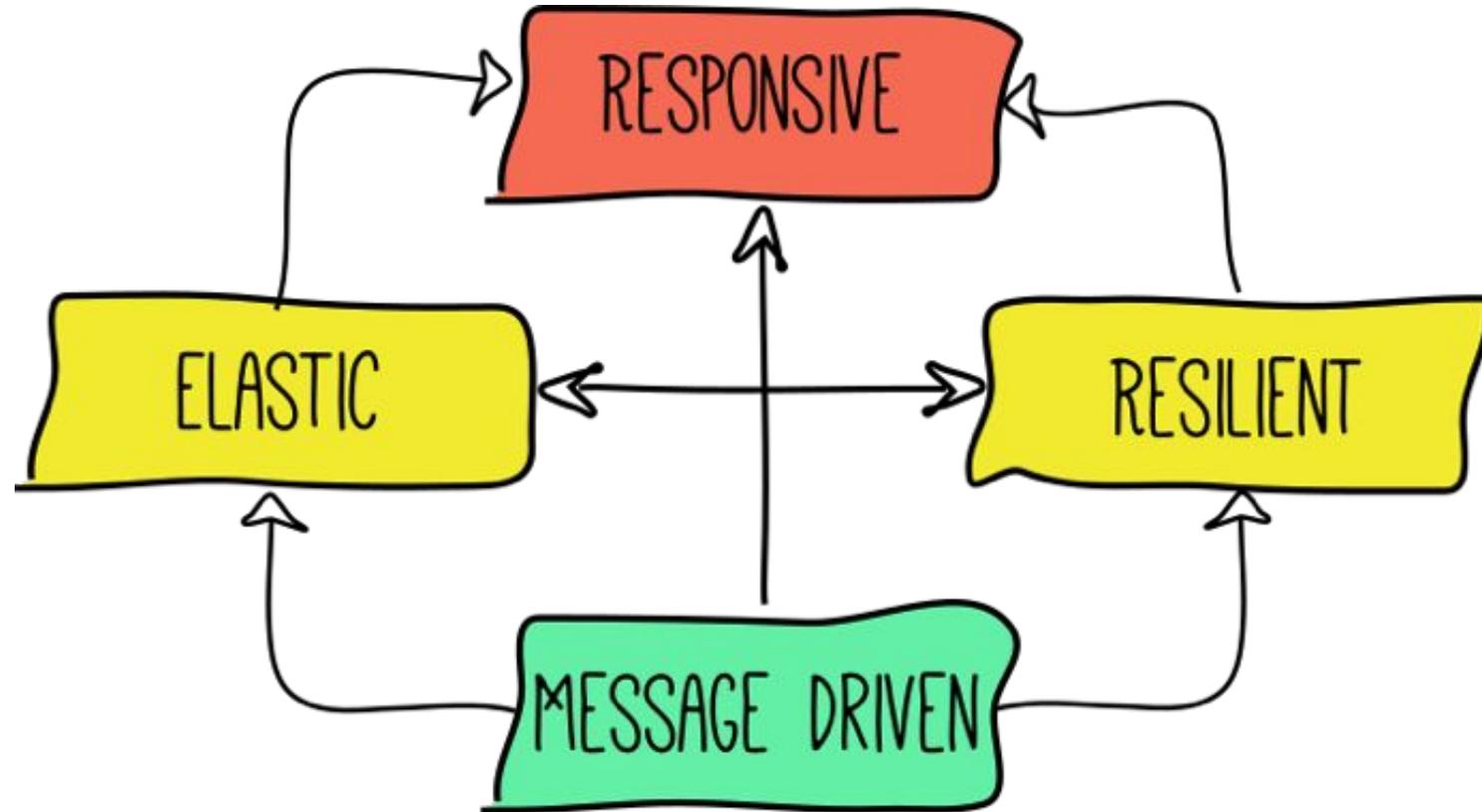
# THE RISE OF CIRCUIT BREAKERS



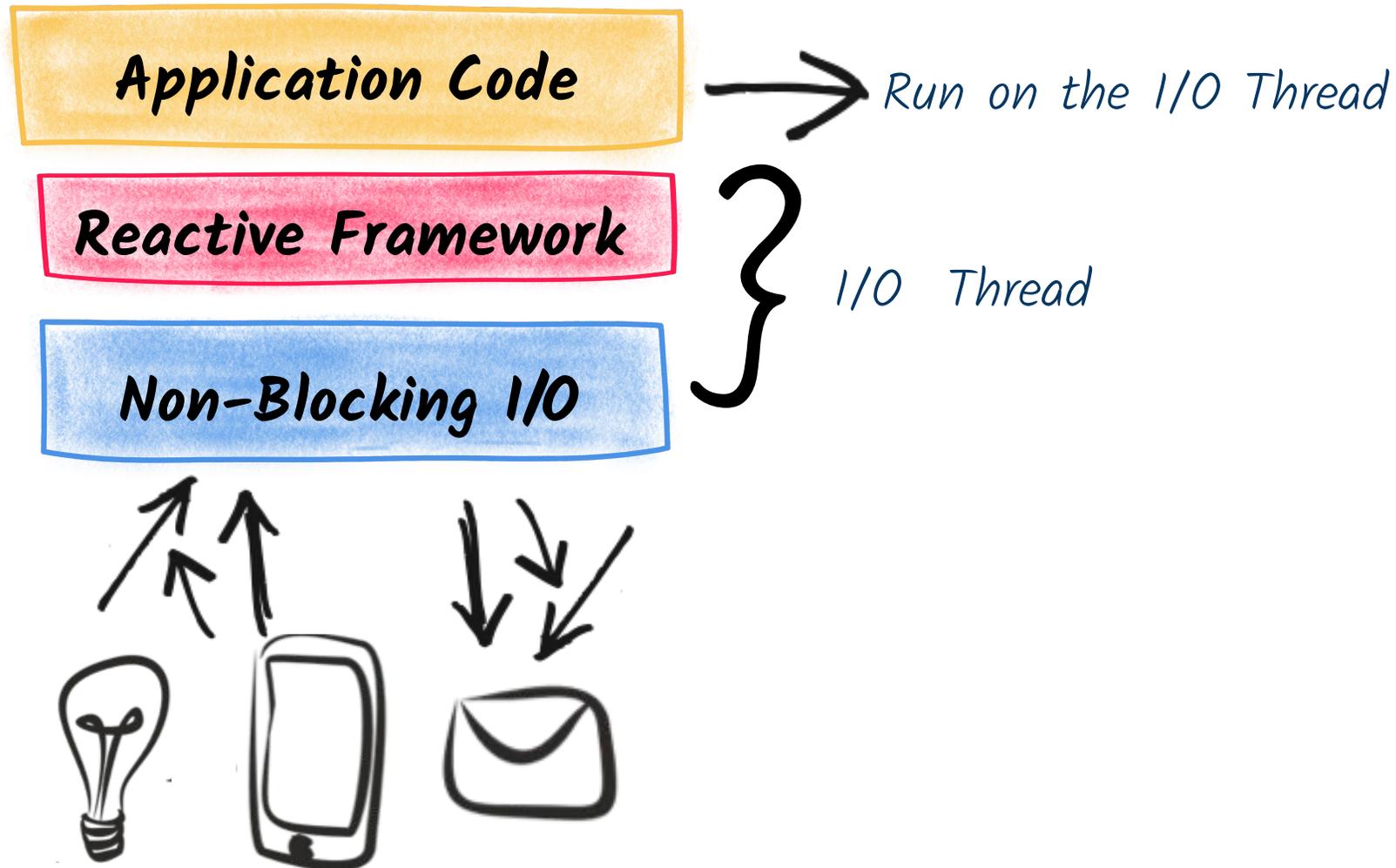
# THE BENEFITS OF MESSAGING



REACTIVE => RESPONSIVE



# REACTIVE: A DIFFERENT CONCURRENCY MODEL



---

Writing asynchronous  
code is ~~challenging~~

**HARD!**

---

# It's all about expressing **continuation**

# CALLBACKS

- + Simple to understand
- + Reflect the event-driven nature of the code
- Hard to compose
- Lead to callback-hell

```
vertx.createHttpServer()  
  .requestHandler(req -> // Async reaction  
    req.response().end("Reactive Greetings")  
  )  
  .listen(8080, ar -> { // Async operation  
    // Continuation...  
  });
```

# FUTURES & PROMISES

- + More composable than callbacks
- + Built-in support in many languages
- Don't reflect the event-driven nature
- Limited to single write (multiple read)

```
CompositeFuture.all(  
  fetchTemperature(3000),  
  fetchTemperature(3001),  
  fetchTemperature(3002))  
  .flatMap(this::sendToSnapshot)  
  .onSuccess(data -> request.response()  
    .putHeader("Content-Type", "application/json")  
    .end(data.encode()))  
  .onFailure(err -> {  
    logger.error("Something went wrong", err);  
    request.response().setStatusCode(500).end();  
  });
```

# REACTIVE PROGRAMMING

- + Use data stream as primary construct
- + Laziness
- + Back Pressure (Reactive Streams)
- Not everything is a stream
- Functional - hard to grasp
- Too many operators - *Nomad Hell*

```
client.rxGetConnection() // Single(async op)
    .flatMapPublisher(conn ->
        conn
            .rxQueryStream("SELECT * from PRODUCTS")
            .flatMapPublisher(SQLRowStream::toFlowable)
            .doAfterTerminate(conn::close)
    ) // Flowable of Rows
    .map(Product::new) // Flowable of Products
    .subscribe(System.out::println);
```

# VIRTUAL THREAD AND COROUTINES

- + Write async code in a synchronous fashion
  - Code rewriting (Quasar, Kotlin, JS)
  - Runtime support (Loom)
- + Easy to reason about
- Requires runtime support
- Not event-driven
- No real stream and Back-Pressure support (see channels, blocking queues, etc)
- Integration with the reactive and non-blocking ecosystem can be challenging

```
Router router = Router.router(vertx);
router.route().handler(rc -> {
    Thread.startVirtualThread(() -> { rc.next(); });
});
router.get("/").handler(rc -> {
    HttpResponse<Buffer> response = client.getAbs(...)
        .sendAndAwait();
    rc.response().end(response.bodyAsString());
});
```

# ROADMAP

Objective: integration in Quarkus (<https://quarkus.io>)



## INTUITIVE EVENT-DRIVEN REACTIVE PROGRAMMING

- Based on the idea of reactive programming
  - More event-driven
  - API navigability
  - Not everything is a stream
- SmallRye Mutiny:  
<https://smallrye.io/smallrye-mutiny/>



## STRUCTURED AND MANAGED CONCURRENCY

- Based on the idea of coroutine
  - Better integration with reactive ecosystem (Eclipse Vert.x)
  - Provide higher-level abstraction to compose actions

# Thank you

Red Hat is the world's leading provider of enterprise open source software solutions. Award-winning support, training, and consulting services make Red Hat a trusted adviser to the Fortune 500.

 [linkedin.com/company/red-hat](https://www.linkedin.com/company/red-hat)

 [facebook.com/redhatinc](https://www.facebook.com/redhatinc)

 [youtube.com/user/RedHatVideos](https://www.youtube.com/user/RedHatVideos)

 [twitter.com/RedHat](https://twitter.com/RedHat)